Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- (original) A method for the treatment of atherosclerosis in a patient in need of such treatment which comprises administering an effective amount of a bisphosphonate to the patient.
- 2. (canceled)
- 3. (canceled)
- 4. (canceled)
- 5. (previously presented) A method for the prevention and treatment of atherosclerotic calcification of blood vessels and valves in a patient, which comprises administering an effective amount of a bisphosphonate to the patient.
- 6. (previously presented) A method for the stabilisation of atherosclerotic plaques in a patient, which comprises administering an effective amount of a bisphosphonate to the patient.
- 7. (previously presented) A method for preventing or treating smooth muscle cell proliferation and migration in hollow tubes, or increased cell proliferation or decreased apoptosis or increased matrix deposition in a mammal in need thereof, comprising administration of a therapeutically effective amount of a bisphosphonate or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, optionally in conjunction with one or more other active ingredients.
- 8. (previously presented) A method for the treatment of intimal thickening in vessel walls comprising administration of a therapeutically effective amount of a bisphosphonate or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, optionally in conjunction with one or more other active ingredients

- 9. (previously presented) A method according to claim 1 in which the bisphosphonate is administered locally
- 10. (currently amended) A method <u>according to claim 9</u> for the treatment of intimal thickening in vessel walls or stabilisation of vulnerable atherosclerotic plaques comprising the controlled delivery from a catheter-based device, intraluminal medical device or device applied to the external/adventitial aspect of the vessel of a therapeutically effective amount of a bisphosphonate or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, optionally in conjunction with one or more other active ingredients
- 11. (previously presented) A method according to claim 8 wherein the bisphosphonate or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof is administered or delivered in conjunction with one or more other active ingredients selected from the group consisting of_a calcineurin inhibitor, an EDG-Receptor agonist, an anti-inflammatory agent, a mTOR inhibitor agent, an antiproliferative agent, a microtubule stabilizing or destabilizing agent, a tyrosine kinase inhibitor, a compound which inhibits osteoclast activity, a compound which inhibits the PDGF receptor tyrosine kinase, a compound or antibody which binds to PDGF, a compound or antibody which inhibits the EGF receptor tyrosine kinase, a compound which binds to EGF, a compound which reduces expression of the EGF receptor, a compound or antibody which inhibits the VEGF receptor tyrosine kinase or a VEGF receptor, a compound or antibody which binds to VEGF, and a modulator of kinases.
- 12. (original) A drug delivery device or system comprising a) a medical device adapted for local application or administration in hollow tubes and b) a therapeutic dosage of zoledronic acid or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof being releasably affixed to the medical device.
- 13. (previously presented) A device according to claim 12 comprising b) a therapeutic dosage of a bisphosphonate, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in conjunction with a therapeutic dosage of one or more other active ingredients, each being releasably affixed to the medical device and the other active ingredient being selected from the group consisting of a calcineurin inhibitor, an EDG-Receptor agonist, an anti-inflammatory agent, a mTOR inhibitor agent, an antiproliferative agent, a microtubule stabilizing or destabilizing agent, a tyrosine kinase inhibitor, a compound which inhibits osteoclast activity, a compound which inhibits the PDGF receptor tyrosine kinase, a compound or antibody which binds to PDGF, a compound or antibody which reduces expression of the PDGF receptor, a compound or antibody which inhibits the EGF

receptor tyrosine kinase, a compound which binds to EGF, a compound which reduces expression of the EGF receptor, a compound or antibody which inhibits the VEGF receptor tyrosine kinase or a VEGF receptor, a compound or antibody which binds to VEGF, and a modulator of kinases.

- 14. (previously presented) A device according to claim 12 comprising b) a therapeutic dosage of a bisphosphonate, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in conjunction with a therapeutic dosage of one or more other active ingredients, each being releasably affixed to the medical device and the other active ingredient being selected from the group consisting of a calcineurin inhibitor, a mTOR inhibitor agent, an EDG-Receptor agonist, an anti-inflammatory agent, a microtubule stabilizing or destabilizing agent, a compound which inhibits osteoclast activity, a compound or antibody which inhibits the PDGF receptor tyrosine kinase, a compound which binds to PDGF or reduces expression of the PDGF receptor, a compound or antibody which inhibits the EGF receptor tyrosine kinase, a compound which binds to EGF or reduces expression of the EGF receptor, a compound or antibody which inhibits the VEGF receptor tyrosine kinase, a VEGF receptor or a compound which binds to VEGF, and an inhibitor of a modulator of kinases.
- 15. (previously presented) A method according to claim 8 wherein the administration or delivery is made using a catheter delivery system, a device applied to the external/adventitial aspect of the vessel a local injection device, an indwelling device, a stent, a coated stent, a sleeve, a stent-graft, polymeric endoluminal paving or a controlled release matrix.
- 16. (previously presented) A method according to claim 1, in which the bisphosphonate is selected from the following group of compounds or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, or any hydrate thereof: 3-amino-1-hydroxypropane-1,1-diphosphonic acid (pamidronic acid), 3-(N,N-dimethylamino)-1-hydroxypropane-1,1-diphosphonic acid, 4-amino-1-hydroxybutane-1,1-diphosphonic acid; 1-hydroxy-ethidene-bisphosphonic acid, 1-hydroxy-3-(methylpentylamino)-propylidene-bisphosphonic acid, ibandronic acid, 6-amino-1-hydroxyhexane-1,1-diphosphonic acid, 3-(N-methyl-N-n-pentylamino)-1-hydroxypropane-1,1-diphosphonic acid, 1-hydroxy-2-(imidazol-1-yl)ethane-1,1-diphosphonic acid; 1-hydroxy-2-(3-pyridyl)ethane-1,1-diphosphonic acid, including N-methyl pyridinium salts thereof, 1-(4-chlorophenylthio)methane-1,1-diphosphonic acid; 1-hydroxy-3-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)propane-1,1-diphosphonic acid, 1-(N-phenylaminothiocarbonyl)methane-1,1-diphosphonic acid, 5-benzoyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-

pyrazole-3,3-diphosphonic acid tetraethyl ester, 1-hydroxy-2-(imidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-3-yl)ethane-1,1-diphosphonic acid, and 1,1-dichloromethane-1,1-diphosphonic acid.

17. (previously presented) A method according to claim 1, in which the bisphosphonate is a compound of Formula III

wherein

Het" is an imidazolyl, 2H-1,2,3-, 1H-1,2,4- or 4H-1,2,4-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, oxadiazolyl or thiadiazolyl radical which is unsubstituted or C-monoor di-substituted by lower alkyl, by lower alkoxy, bx phenyl which may in turn be mnon- or disubstituted by lower alkyl, lower alkoxy and/or halogen, by hydroxy, by dilower alkylamino, by lower alkylthio and/or by halogen and is N-substituted at a substitutable N-atom by lower alkyl or by phenyl-lower alkyl which may in turn be monoor di-substituted in the phenyl moiety by lower alkyl, lower alkoxy and/or halogen, and R_2 is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, lower alkylthio or halogen, lower radicals having up to and including 7 C-atoms, or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof.

18. (previously amended) A method according to claim 17, in which the bisphosphonate is zoledronic acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, or any hydrate thereof.